Facts You Need to Know **ABOUT TAXES**



Your Reference Guide to: 2014 Tax Rates College Savings Incentives IRA and 401(k) Contributions Affordable Care Act Taxes Social Security Benefits



2014 Income Tax Rates

Marrieds Filing Jointly or a Qualifying Widow(er)			
If your taxable income is over:	But not over:	The tax is:	
\$0	\$18,150	\$18,150 10% of the taxable income	
\$18,150	\$73,800	\$73,800 \$1,815 plus 15% of the excess over \$18,150	
\$73,800	\$148,850 \$10,162.50 plus 25% of the excess over \$73,800		
\$148,850	\$226,850 \$28,925 plus 28% of the excess over \$148,850		
\$226,850	\$405,100 \$50,765 plus 33% of the excess over \$226,850		
\$405,100	\$457,600	\$109,587.50 plus 35% of the excess over \$405,100	
\$457,600	\$127,962.50 plus 39.6% of the excess over \$457,600		

Singles			
If your taxable income is over:	But not over:	But not over: The tax is:	
\$0	\$9,075 10% of the taxable income		
\$9,075	\$36,900	\$907.50 plus 15% of the excess over \$9,075	
\$36,900	\$89,350 \$5,081.25 plus 25% of the excess over \$36,900		
\$89,350	\$186,350 \$18,193.75 plus 28% of the excess over \$89,350		
\$186,350	\$405,100 \$45,353.75 plus 33% of the excess over \$186,350		
\$405,100	\$406,750 \$117,541.25 plus 35% of the excess over \$405,10		
\$406,750	\$118,118.75 plus 39.6% of the excess over \$406,750		

Marrieds Filing Separately		
If your taxable income is over:	But not over:	The tax is:
\$0	\$9,075 10% of the taxable income	
\$9,075	\$36,900 \$907.50 plus 15% of the excess over \$9,075	
\$36,900	\$74,425 \$5,081.25 plus 25% of the excess over \$36,900	
\$74,425	\$113,425 \$14,462.50 plus 28% of the excess over \$74,425	
\$113,425	\$202,550 \$25,382.50 plus 33% of the excess over \$113,425	
\$202,550	\$228,800 \$54,793.75 plus 35% of the excess over \$202,550	
\$228,800	\$63,981.25 plus 39.6% of the excess over \$228,800	

Heads of Households			
If your taxable income is over:	But not over:	The tax is:	
\$0	\$12,950	\$12,950 10% of the taxable income	
\$12,950	\$49,400	\$49,400 \$1,295 plus 15% of the excess over \$12,950	
\$49,400	\$127,550 \$6,762.50 plus 25% of the excess over \$49,400		
\$127,550	\$206,600 \$26,300 plus 28% of the excess over \$127,550		
\$206,600	\$405,100 \$48,434 plus 33% of the excess over \$206,600		
\$405,100	\$432,200 \$113,939 plus 35% of the excess over \$405,100		
\$432,200	00 \$123,424 plus 39.6% of the excess over \$432,200		

Trusts and Estates			
If your taxable income is over:	But not over:	The tax is:	
\$0	\$2,500	\$2,500 15% of the taxable income	
\$2,500	\$5,800	\$5,800 \$375 plus 25% of the excess over \$2,500	
\$5,800	\$8,900 \$1,200 plus 28% of the excess over \$5,800		
\$8,900	\$12,150 \$2,068 plus 33% of the excess over \$8,900		
\$12,150	\$3,140.50 plus 39.6% of the excess over \$12,150		

Standard Deduction Amounts for 2014		
Marrieds Filing Jointly or a Qualifying Widow(er)	\$12,400	
Singles	\$6,200	
Marrieds Filing Separately	\$6,200	
Heads of Households	\$9,100	

Additional Standard Deduction Amounts		
If at least age 65 or blind	\$1,200	
If at least age 65 or blind but unmarried and not a widow(er)	\$1,550	
If claimed as a dependent on another return	\$1,000*	

*Or \$350 plus the individual's earned income but not more than the regular standard deduction amount.

Limitation on itemized deductions.

Itemized deductions are "phased out" for single taxpayers with income over \$254,200, for heads of households over \$279,650, for marrieds filing jointly over \$305,050, and for marrieds filing separately with income over \$152,525.

Personal Exemption. The personal exemption for 2014 is \$3,950. The personal exemption is phased out as follows:

Filing Status	Phaseout begins	Phaseout complete
Marrieds filing jointly	\$305,050	\$427,550
Singles	\$254,200	\$376,700
Surviving spouses and heads of households	\$279,650	\$402,150
Marrieds filing separately	\$152,525	\$213,775

2014 Corporate Income Tax Rates

Alternative Minimum Tax

AMT Tax Rates for 2014			
Rate	Marrieds filing separately	All other filers	
26%	Up to \$91,250	Up to \$182,500	
28%	More than \$91,250	More than \$182,500	
AMT E	xemption Amounts		
Single	individual	\$52,800	
	ds filing jointly or ng spouse	\$82,100	
Marrieds filing separately		\$41,050	
Estates and trusts		\$23,500	
AMT E	AMT Exemption Phaseout		
		Exemption phaseout begins above	
Marrieds Filing Jointly or a Qualifying Widow(er)		\$156,500	
Singles		\$117,300	
Marrieds Filing Separately and Trusts and Estates		\$78,250	

Affordable Care Act Taxes

Additional Medicare Tax	0.9% tax on wages and self- employment income over:	
Marrieds filing jointly	\$250,000	
Singles	\$200,000	
Marrieds filing separately	\$125,000	
Net Investment Income Tax	Additional 3.8% tax on net investment income if Modified Adjusted Gross Income exceeds:	
Marrieds filing jointly	\$250,000	
Singles \$200,000		
Marrieds filing separately	\$125,000	
Head of household	\$200,000	
Qualifying widow(er)	\$250,000	

If Taxable Income Is Over:	But Not Over:	The Tax Is:
\$0	\$50,000	15% of the amount over \$0
\$50,000	\$75,000	\$7,500 plus 25% of the amount over \$50,000
\$75,000	\$100,000	\$13,750 plus 34% of the amount over \$75,000
\$100,000	\$335,000	\$22,250 plus 39% of the amount over \$100,000
\$335,000	\$10,000,000	\$113,900 plus 34% of the amount over \$335,000
\$10,000,000	\$15,000,000	\$3,400,000 plus 35% of the amount over \$10,000,000
\$15,000,000	\$18,333,333	\$5,150,000 plus 38% of the amount over \$15,000,000
\$18,333,333	35% of the amount over \$0	

Note: Qualified personal service corporations are taxed at a flat 35%.

College Savings Incentives

Section 529 plans. No federal tax need be paid on the income earned on amounts accumulated in a state-sponsored Section 529 plan. When withdrawals are made and used for qualified higher-education expenses, they won't be taxed either.

Coverdell Education Savings Accounts (CESAs). You can contribute up to \$2,000 a year per child to a CESA. Earnings grow tax free as long as withdrawals are used for qualified education expenses. Eligibility to contribute the full amount phases out between a modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) of \$95,000 and \$110,000 (singles); between \$190,000 and \$220,000 (marrieds filing jointly).

American Opportunity Tax Credit. The maximum American Opportunity Tax Credit is 100% of the first \$2,000 and 25% for the next \$2,000 of qualified tuition and related expenses. The credit phases out at MAGI of \$160,000 for marrieds filing jointly (\$80,000 for singles).

Lifetime Learning Credit. The maximum Lifetime Learning Credit is \$2,000, with the credit phasing out at modified adjusted gross income of \$108,000 for marrieds filing jointly (\$54,000 for singles).

U.S. Savings Bonds income exclusion. For 2014 the income from certain U.S. Savings Bonds used to pay qualified higher education expenses may be excluded from tax. Eligibility for the exclusion phases out between MAGI of \$113,950 and \$143,950 (marrieds filing jointly); and \$76,000 and \$91,000 (others).

Interest deduction for education loans. A tax deduction is available for up to \$2,500 in qualified education loan interest. Eligibility for the deduction phases out between MAGI of more than \$65,000 and \$80,000 (singles); between \$130,000 and \$160,000 (marrieds filing jointly).

Other Credits and Deductions

Long-term care insurance premiums. In some instances, portions of the premiums paid for qualified long-term care insurance may be tax deductible. For 2014 they are: \$370 for those who are age 40 or under at the end of the tax year; \$700, if older than 40 but not older than 50; \$1,400, older than 50 but not older than 60; \$3,720, older than 60 but not older than 70; \$4,660, older than 70.

ADOPTION CREDIT. You may be able to take a tax credit of up to \$13,190 for qualifying expenses paid to adopt an eligible child. The adoption credit is an amount that you subtract from your tax liability. At MAGI of more than \$197,880, the amount of the credit begins to phase out and is phased out completely at MAGI of \$237,880.

Health Savings Accounts (HSAs). In 2014, for purposes of establishing an HSA, a "high deductible health plan" is defined as a plan that has an annual deductible of not less than \$1,250, with no more than \$6,350 required to be paid out of pocket (self-only coverage); or an annual deductible of not less than \$2,500, with no more than \$12,700 required to be paid out of pocket (family coverage). For 2014 contributions are allowed up to \$3,300 for single coverage (\$6,550 for family coverage), regardless of the health plan's deductible amount. Individuals who are age 55 or older and are covered by a high deductible health plan may make additional catch-up contributions each year (\$1,000 in 2014) until he or she enrolls in Medicare.

Investments

(See earlier panel for additional 3.8% ACA tax on net investment income.)

Capital gain and dividend tax rates	
Short-term capital gain rates (capital asset held one year or less)	same as ordinary income, rates up to 39.6%
General long-term capital gain rates (capital asset held more than one year)	
For taxpayers in the 10% and 15% tax brackets	0%
For taxpayers in the 25%, 28%, 33% and 35% tax brackets	15%
For taxpayers in the 39.6% tax bracket	20%
Maximum long-term capital gain rate from the sale of real estate with unrecaptured depreciation (often referred to as unrecaptured Section 1250 property)	25%
Long-term capital gain rate for collectibles and certain small business stock	28%
Qualified dividend income tax rates	
For taxpayers in the 10% and 15% tax brackets	0%
For taxpayers in the 25%, 28%, 33% and 35% tax brackets	15%
For taxpayers in the 39.6% tax bracket	20%

Growth of \$1,000 Yearly Investment*

Compounded Annually (\$1,000 Investment is made at the start of each year.)						
	Years					
%	5	10	15	20	25	30
3%	\$5,468	\$11,808	\$19,157	\$27,676	\$37,553	\$49,003
4%	5,633	12,486	20,825	30,969	43,312	58,328
5%	5,802	13,207	22,657	34,719	50,113	69,761
6%	5,975	13,972	24,673	38,993	58,156	83,802
7%	6,153	14,784	26,888	43,865	67,676	101,073

29,324

32,003

34,950

49.423

55,765

63,002

78,954

92,324

108,182

122.346

148,575

180,943

Growth of One-Time \$1,000 Investment* Compounded Annually

15,645

16,560

17,531

8%

9%

10%

6,336

6,523

6,716

	Years					
%	5	10	15	20	25	30
3%	\$1,159	\$1,344	\$1,558	\$1,806	\$2,094	\$2,427
4%	1,217	1,480	1,801	2,191	2,666	3,243
5%	1,276	1,629	2,079	2,653	3,386	4,322
6%	1,338	1,791	2,397	3,207	4,292	5,743
7%	1,403	1,967	2,759	3,870	5,427	7,612
8%	1,469	2,159	3,172	4,661	6,848	10,063
9%	1,539	2,367	3,642	5,604	8,623	13,268
10%	1,611	2,594	4,177	6,727	10,835	17,449

*These figures are used for hypothetical purposes only and do not represent the growth of any specific investment.

Retirement Plans and Social Security

Social Security for 2014	
Social Security wage base	\$117,000

Retirement Earnings Test Exempt Amounts			
Under full retirement age (\$1 in benefits is withheld for every \$2 in earnings above the limit.)	\$15,480		
The year in which full retirement age is reached (\$1 in benefits is withheld for every \$3 in earnings above the limit but only for months prior to reaching full retirement age.)	\$41,400		
After full retirement age is reached	no limit		

Taxation of Social Security Benefits			
Singles with Provisional Income*			
below \$25,000	pay no tax on benefits		
from \$25,000 to \$34,000	pay tax on 50% of benefits		
over \$34,000	pay tax on up to 85% of benefits		
Marrieds filing a joint return with <i>Provisional Income</i> *			
below \$32,000	pay no tax on benefits		
from \$32,000 to \$44,000	pay tax on 50% of benefits		
over \$44,000	pay tax on up to 85% of benefits		

*The IRS defines *Provisional Income* as your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) plus one-half of your Social Security benefits. (MAGI is AGI plus tax-exempt income.)

Maximum Retirement Plan Contribution Limits for 2014			
	Maximum contribution	Maximum contribution for those age 50 and over	
Traditional IRA/ Roth IRA	\$5,500	\$6,500	
401(k) plans	\$17,500	\$23,000	

Phaseout of Deductibility of IRA Contributions Based on MAGI (If you are an active participant in a company retirement plan)		
Singles and Heads of Household	\$60,000 to \$70,000	
Marrieds filing joint returns and both spouses are active plan participants	\$96,000 to \$116,000	
Marrieds filing joint returns and one spouse is an active plan participant	\$181,000 to \$191,000	

Phaseout of Roth IRA Contributions Based upon MAGI		
Singles	\$114,000 to \$129,000	
Marrieds filing a joint return	\$181,000 to \$191,000	

Estate and Gift Taxes

Estates. The federal estate tax exemption in 2014 is \$5,340,000. With appropriate tax filings and tax elections, married couples may secure a \$10,680,000 exemption regardless of which spouse dies first or how the couple owns their property (assuming that they both die in 2014). Amounts in excess of the exemption are taxed at a 40% rate.

Gifts. The lifetime federal gift tax exemption in 2014 is \$5,340,000. Amounts transferred in excess of the exemption are taxed at 40%.

For 2014, the annual exclusion from the gift tax is \$14,000. A gift no larger than \$14,000 may be given to each of as many people as you wish without incurring gift tax or using up your lifetime federal gift tax exclusion. To qualify for the annual exclusion, the gift must be of a "present interest," meaning that the person receiving the gift must have the immediate right to use and enjoy the gift, without strings attached. Couples may "split" their gifts to secure a \$28,000 annual exclusion.

Developments occurring after December 15, 2013, are not reflected in this guide.

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